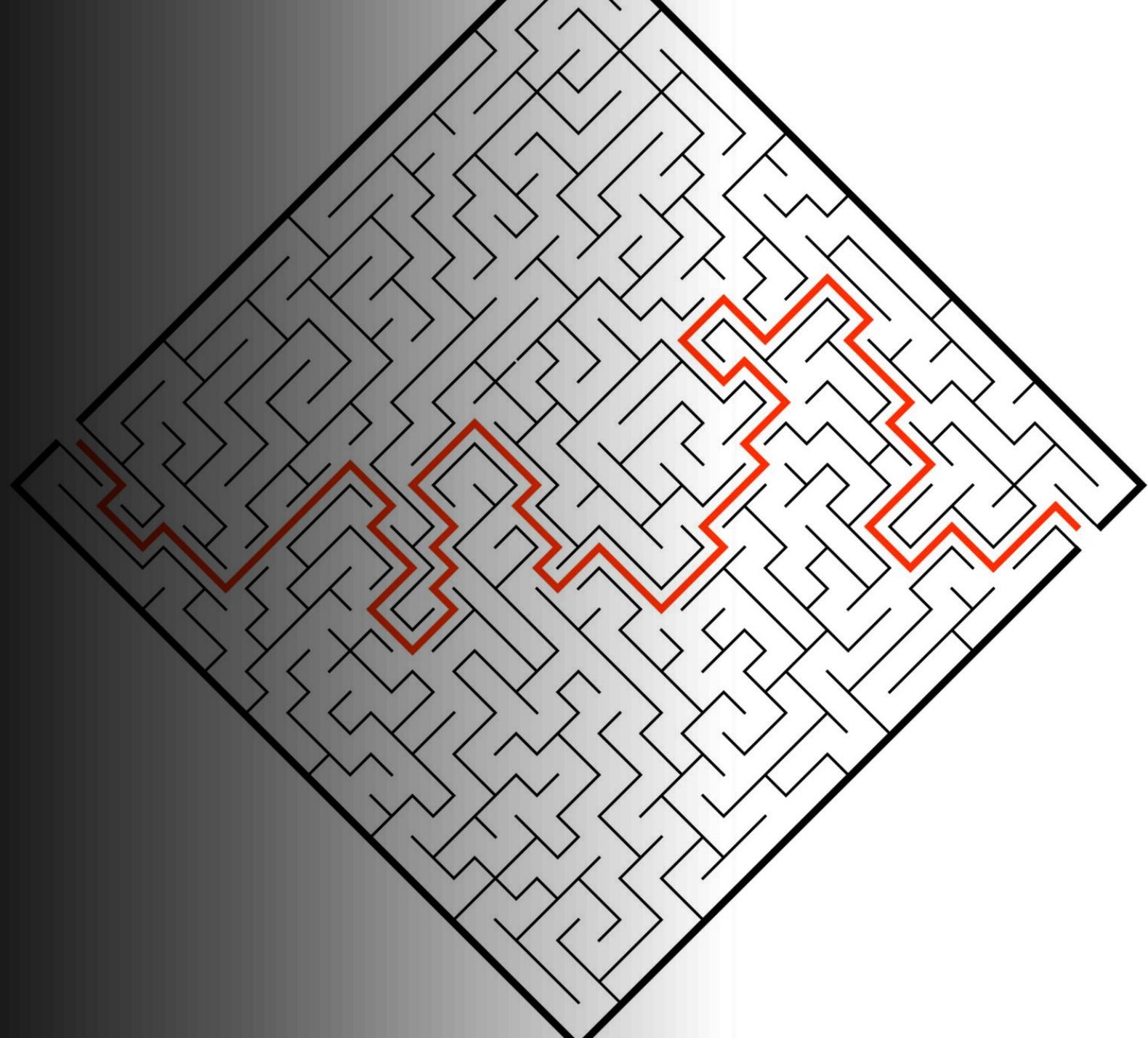




# Against the Grain

Understanding Management of Change Concepts

Shawn D. Rice, CSP



# Learning Objectives

- Objective 1. Explore the fundamentals of Management of Change (MOC)
- Objective 2. Discuss how change is introduced and managed can mean the difference between preventing harm and creating new risks
- Objective 3. Provide actionable tools to strengthen their own change management processes.

# Introduction

- **Against the grain:** Change is disruptive
- **Process Safety Management (PSM)** provides a framework

# Organizational Systems = Rice Pile

- Each grain = process, person, or task
- One shift changes the whole pile



# Management of Change in PSM

- 14 elements → MOC is central
- Steps: procedures, technical basis, review, and training

# Definition of Management of Change

- Structured review and approval process for change
- Goal: prevent unintended consequences

# Scope of Change

- Physical changes
- Procedural changes
- Organizational changes

# Ask Critical Questions

What are the potential risks to productivity?

# Ask Critical Questions

Could this change negatively impact employee moral or well being?

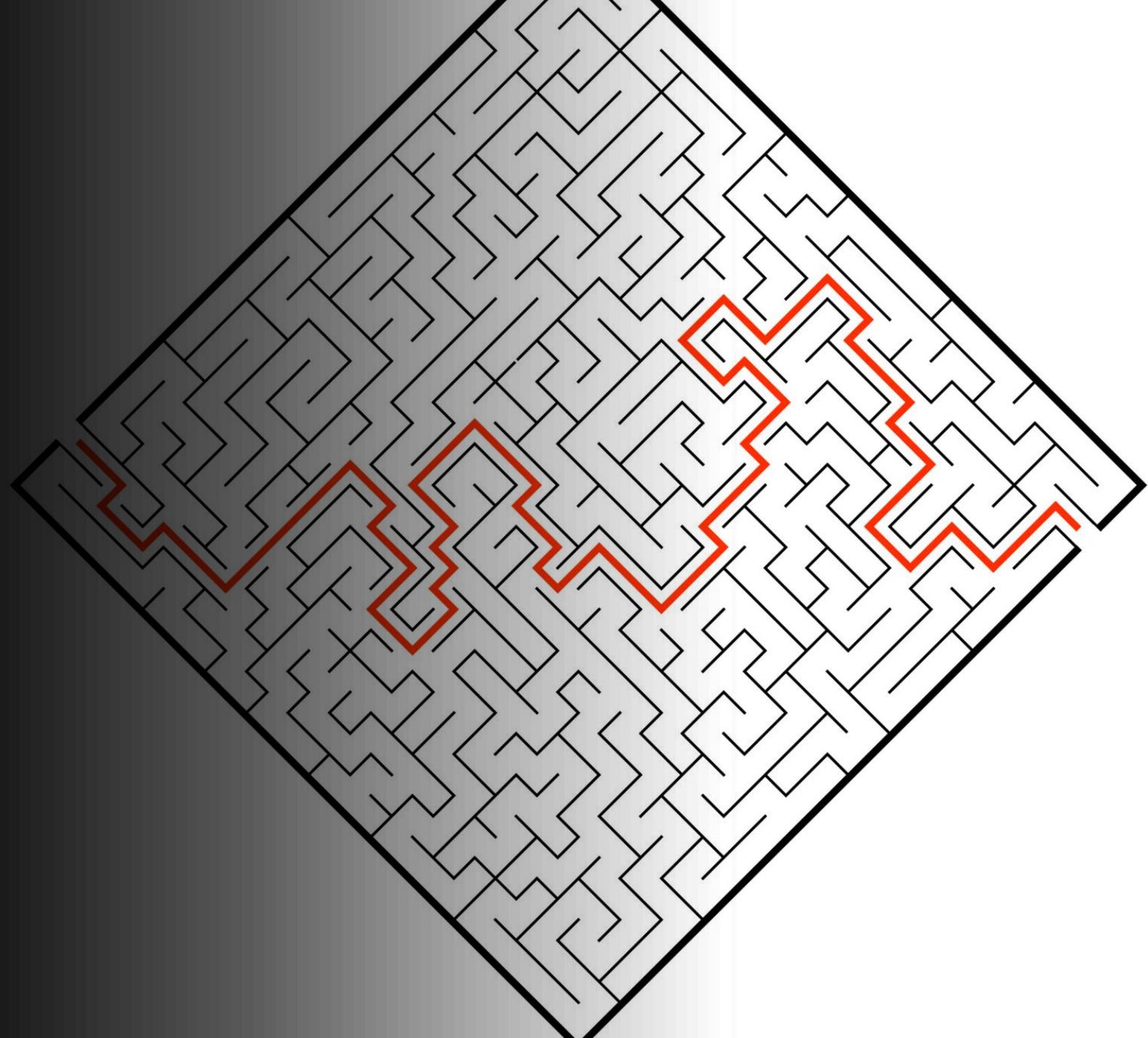
# Ask Critical Questions

Could this change  
inadvertently introduce new  
errors or vulnerabilities?



# Practical Example

## The Rice Cooker



# Example: The Rice Cooker System

- What is it, really?
- Input: Raw rice, water, electricity.
- Process: Heating, steaming, sensing when done, keeping warm.
- Components: An inner pot, a heating element, a thermostat, a lid, a power cord, some buttons.
- Output: Perfectly cooked rice. (Hopefully!)
- Safety Features: Usually a fuse, overheat protection, a lid that contains steam but isn't hermetically sealed (unless it's a pressure cooker!).

# Low Impact Change

- Scenario 1: The "Low Impact" Change – Replacing the Inner Pot
- The Change: Replacing the old inner pot with a brand-new, identically sized, and material-compatible non-stick pot.

Assess Impact → Approve → Review

- Low Risk

# High Impact Change

- Scenario 2: The "High Impact" Change – Modifying for Faster Cooking!
- The Change: Installing a significantly more powerful heating element.

Assess Impact → Approve → Review

- High Risk

# Takeaway

- It's a system designed to do one thing safely and repeatedly.
- Small modifications can have unforeseen consequences



# Why Change Feels 'Against the Grain'

- Human Resistance
- Operational Pressure
- Hidden Complexity
- Cultural Challenge



# Broader Applications Beyond PSM Industries

- Healthcare
- Construction/Infrastructure
- IT & Cybersecurity
- Emergency Management

# Types of Change Managed

- Physical (equipment, materials)
- Procedural (SOPs, emergency plans)
- Organizational (roles, staffing)

# OSHA's Requirements in Detail

- Document basis for change
- Evaluate safety & health impact
- Communicate & train before implementation

# Making MOC Effective

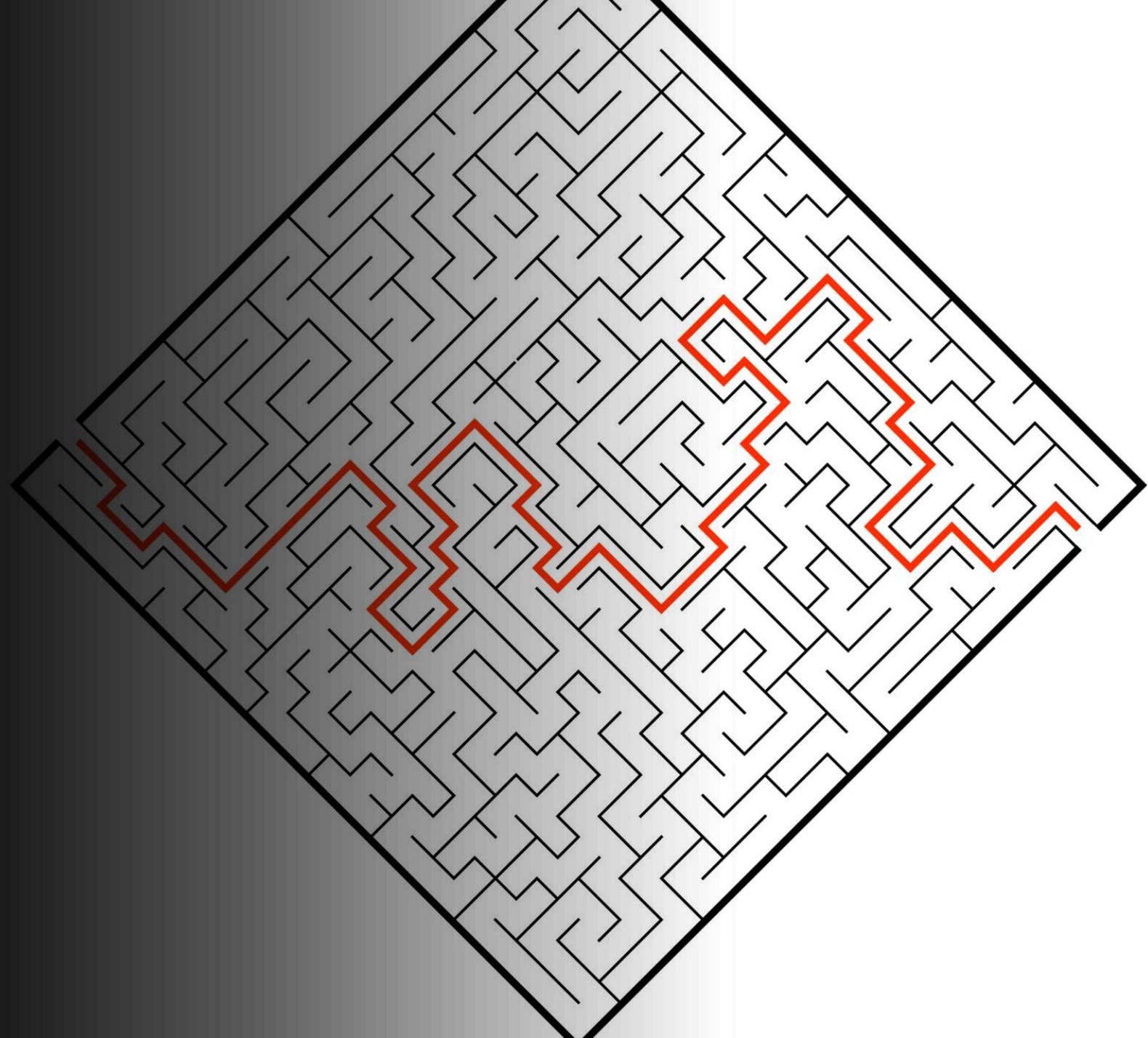
- Leadership Commitment
- Training & Awareness
- Integration
- Technology Support
- Cultural Adoption

# Case Study: Healthcare IT Update

- Minor software change → major miscommunication
- Patient safety compromised



# Case Study: Rice Bowl



# Case Study: Rice Bowl

- 19,346-pound pot of rice
- Miscalculation in engineering/Manufacturing
- Near Miss, luckily not a grain of rice escaped
- Plan with the end in mind
- Don't compromise worker safety



# Lessons from Case Studies

- No change is too small
- Unintended consequences
- Formal review saves lives

# Hidden Complexity

- Small changes can cascade into big problems
- One bad grain can spoil the batch

# Tools for Modern MOC

- Digital tracking systems
- Automated notifications
- Centralized documentation

# Key Lessons

- Change is disruptive but manageable
- Every grain matters
- MOC ensures resilience & safety

# Tools to Help Management of Change

- Tool 1: The "Who, What, When, How" Communication Grid
- Tool 2: The "Who Cares & Who Can Help" Stakeholder Snapshot
- Tool 3: The "Quick Pulse" Feedback Loop

# Ways to Stay Engaged

- Encourage front line staff to be engaged
- Work on seeing the big picture
- Pay attention to the workforce
- Seek ways to prevent drift
- Maintain situational awareness
- Exercise
  - Prepare for the unexpected
  - Look beyond your activity area
  - Ask question

# Conclusion

- Change goes against the grain, but MOC keeps order
- Skipping MOC = spoiled batch
- Respect every grain. Respect every change.

# References

Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs Voluntary Standards Crosswalk:

[https://www.osha.gov/sites/default/files/Crosswalk\\_to\\_Voluntary\\_OSHA\\_Standards\\_7-3-18.pdf](https://www.osha.gov/sites/default/files/Crosswalk_to_Voluntary_OSHA_Standards_7-3-18.pdf)

Case Study: Rice Bowl

[After Near-Disaster, Chef Takes Record With Huge Rice Dish](#)

# Please feel free to connect with me

## Shawn D. Rice, CSP

*Chief of Safety and Emergency Management*

### Services

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- Occupational Safety
- Industrial Hygiene
- Fire and Life Safety
- Safe Patient Handling
- Emergency Management
- Environmental Management

Sharing Knowledge – Managing Risks – Improving Compliance



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